# Santa Rosa, Laguna, Philippines

#### New sustainable infrastructure

# Tollway with integrated solar, wind, storage, EV charging, and utilities.

A vertically-integrated automated tollway for moving people and goods. Podway built alongside roadways and highways within public right-of-way easements. Includes a renewable energy grid with battery-backed solar and wind generation, on-street EV charging, and utilities.

Finance · Build · Own · Operate (FBOO)



Project Cost (CAPEX) \$332.1M

\$2.9M per route-km

\$801 per resident cost

Annual Revenue \$710.4M

Multiple long-term contracts and revenue streams from passengers, renewables, advertising, freight, parcels, carbon credits, and attachment fees.

Operating Expenses (OPEX) \$194.2M

Rev share, monitor, security, clean, maintain

Net Operating Income \$419.7M

Multiple scenarios and metrics on page 4

### **Project Details**

#### Length: 114 km

Guideway with stainless steel exterior, aluminum rails, galvanized steel supports at 24 m (79 ft) spacing. Expected 75+ year lifespan.

#### Number of Vehicles: 2,641

Automated, on-demand, battery-electric pods can carry 4 seated passengers or 1400 kg (1.5 ton) pallet-sized payload.

#### Number of Access Points: 1,145

Access points (pod stops) are electric lifts that lower pods to ground-level for boarding off the main line.

Serves all major destinations including: Airport(s), Train station(s), Bus terminal(s), Hospitals, Schools, Places of worship, Tourist sites, Grocery stores, Retail, Residential, Freight hubs, Industrial, Distribution centers, and Seaports.

#### Population served: 353K

72 km/h (45 mph) non-stop. Convenient to population of 352,590. Integrates with existing travel modes. Provides car-like convenience and train-like capacity.

#### Renewable Energy System: 27.8 MW

28 MW generation of clean and renewable energy. GHG reduction of 90,300 tCO2e per year.





#### Status and Milestones

First Pilot Installed & testing (Boston 2021)

Feasibility study Completed

Funding Partial (see page 5)

Insurance & Bonding Have commitment

Rights-of-Way agreement TBD

Route approved TBD

EPC selected 04/2023

First phase Permitted 05/2023

On-site Pilot installed 07/2023

Concession Signed 07/2023

Financial close 07/2023

First phase operational 01/2024

Full system operational 08/2024

#### **Additional Info**

Public webpage for Philippines
Request feasibility study





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# **Feasibility Study and Industry Comparables**

#### **Feasibility Study Summary**

- √ Financial: Multiple sources of revenue, long-term contracts and network effects deliver durable cash flows and high margin operations.
- ✓ Regulatory: International Automated People Mover standards for system safety.
- ✓ Land acquisition: None. Installed within public rights-of-way (RoW) alongside roadways within utility-like aerial easements.
- ✓ **Government**: Provides aerial RoW easements through long-term concession agreement. Strong government support from revenue stream and no government funding. Provides public transport that is convenient, inclusive, accessible, sustainable, and equitable. No land use or negative impact on other modes of travel. Lowers gov't cost for road & bridge maintenance.
- ✓ Construction: 90% of work is competitively bid on fixed-price contracts with qualified and reputable firms. Infrastructure is built in factory which makes for fast installation and low disruption.
- ✓ Environmental: No significant environmental impact. Carbon negative. Pollution free. Powered by clean and renewable energy
- ✓ Societal: Fast to build and not disruptive. Improved safety, reduced crime. Creates jobs and economic growth. Eliminates congestion & parking issues. Integrates with existing transport.
- ✓ Technical: Exclusive, elevated, fully-automated guideway avoids complexities of multi-modal roadway. Similar to systems that have been safely operating for 45+ years. See box to right →

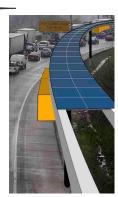
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Prepared for Md Alamgir Hossain Sunny under NDA

#### Santa Rosa, Laguna, Philippines Solar Podway Project Feasibility Study

For lenders and equity investors to conduct due diligence and analyze business, financial, and technical feasibility of a podway project.

	Executive SummaryPage 1	
	<u>Chapters</u>	
1.	PROJECT OVERVIEW6	
2.	MARKET8	
3.	FARES15	
4.	RIDERSHIP17	
5.	FINANCIALS19	
6.	RIGHTS-OF-WAY23	
7.	ENVIRONMENTAL25	
8.	SAFETY29	
9.	REGULATORY31	
10.	STAKEHOLDERS32	
11.	MANAGEMENT35	
12.	EMPLOYMENT37	
13.	ROUTE38	
14.	PROJECT COSTS42	
15.	TIMELINE43	
16.	DEVELOPMENT PHASE44	
17.	DESIGN PHASE45	
18.	CONSTRUCTION PHASE46	
19.	SYSTEM51	
20.	CIVIL WORKS58	
21.	ELECTRICAL & MECH WORKS67	
22.	ROLLING STOCK71	
23.	UTILITY75	
24.	ENERGY76	
25.	RESILIENCY79	
26.	CAPACITY80	
27.	OPERATIONS81	
28.	INSURANCE88	
29.	RISKS89	



APPENDIX	
A. Travel Mode Table	
B. Competition Matrix	97
c. System Table	98
Regional Table	
E. Environmental Impact Table	100
F. Passenger Fare Table	101
G. Financial Table	102
H. Similarity to Other Systems	
L Employment Table	104
J. Project Table	105
K. Capacity Table	
L. Revenue Share Table	106
M. Right-of-way Easement Envelope	107
N. Energy Generation and Storage	108
<ul> <li>Impact and Resources</li> </ul>	109

#### Podway vs. ATN/PRT

**No land use:** podways go alongside existing roads use use low-cost stops to enter pods at ground level.

Low cost: mass production of civil infrastructure

Goods: automated transport of freight and packages

**Utilities:** integrates utility lines & street lighting

**Energy:** solar & wind on podway generate distributed renewable energy & storage to sell.

**High capacity**: 6-pod trains every second carry 86,400 seats/hr. Pod lifts can handle any loading demand.

High speed: 242 km/h (150 mph) over long distances

**Convenience:** road-like network with stops on every block achieve car-like convenience and availability.

#### **Operational ATN/PRT Systems**

Location	Name and Vendor	Route (km)	Vehicles	Service Year
Morgantown, West Virginia	Morgantown PRT	5.8	70	1975
London Heathrow Airport	ULTra	3.8	21	2011
Masdar City, UAE	2getthere	1.8	10	2010
Suncheon, South Korea	Vectus	4.6	40	2014
Raytheon, Massachusetts (tested)	PRT 2000	1.5	3	1995-1997

# Related podway projects

**Barishal, Bangladesh**: In Development Phase. AECOM providing program management. Local firm preparing route survey and environment impact study.

**Pilot**: Installed in Oct 2021 in Massachusetts, USA. Testing underway and operational in Q4 2022.

#### **Government commitments**

for 8+ countries in Africa, Asia, and North America

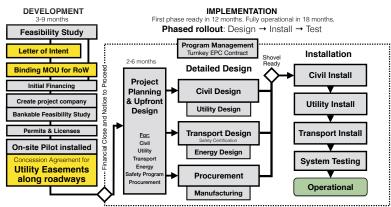
Feasibility Study and Industry Report available upon request.



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# **Project Details**

#### Timeline



Top-level timeline and schedule

### **Partners and Major Contracts**

Lead Developer Transit X
Accounting / CPA big 4

**Concession Agreement** Gov't (or private)

Financial advisor EACP

**Program Management AECOM** 

Bankable Study KPMG/PwC/EY

Insurance Lloyds of London

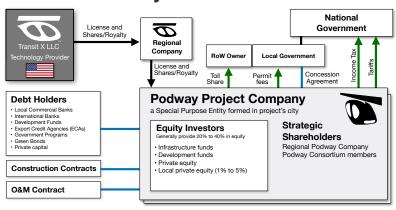
Transit Engineering Capgemini

Civil Works Competitive bid

**Energy Systems** Competitive bid

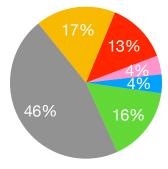
Manufacturing Multiple contracts

## **Project Structure**



### **Use of Funds**

- DevelopmentDesign
- ProcurementImplementation
- Continency



#### **Use of Funds**

	Task item	Cost (US
I	<b>DEVELOPMENT</b> : 3 to 9 months	\$13.3
	Feasibility Study	1,461,0
	Ridership-Revenue Study	930,0
	Pilot	2,126,0
	Civil planning & assessment	4,783,0
	Contracts, Documentation & Legal	1,196,0
	Project Management	1,063,0
	Travel & Meetings	399,0
	Contingency for Development Phase	1,329,0
	MPLEMENTATION / EPC	\$319.0
	DESIGN: 3 to 6 months duration	53,144,0
	Financing fees	9,566,0
,	Contracts & Legal	3,189,0
	Commission fee	9,674,1
,	Civil Design	9,566,0
;	Transport Design	6,909,0
,	Utility Design	6,377,0
3	Permitting & Approvals	3,720,0
)	Owner's Engineer and Rep	4,783,0
, )	Project Management (through construction)	5,314,0
		2,126,0
	Independent Engineering Consultant PROCUREMENT	, ,
		152,787,7
3	Substructure (vertical supports)	10,695,0
	Superstructure (guideway)	65,699,0
	Pods (vehicles)	12,223,0
; ,	Lifts	9,167,0
	Solar & Wind generation	47,364,0
	Battery packs (energy storage)	1,528,0
	Shipping & Tariffs	6,112,0
) [	NSTALLATION: 12 to 18 month duration Insurance & Bonding	\$56.9 1,129,3
2	Civil Structures (Podway)	25,974,0
3	Site work	2,597,0
,	Utility diversions	8,312,0
	Foundations	6,494,0
,	Erection (labor + equipment)	7,792,0
,	Inspections and Certifications	7,792,0
3	Rolling Stock (Pods & Lifts)	18,633,0
)	Installation & Commissioning	
	Testing & Safety Certification	7,453,0
)	Documentation & Training	8,199,0
	Facilities	2,981,0 <b>5,647,</b> 0
2		
3	Pod cleaning facilities	1,129,0
	Repair & maintenance facilities	1,186,0
5	Pod parking garage	1,355,0
	Control room	1,976,0
,	Energy Systems	5,082,0
3	Installation	4,065,6
	Utility Interconnects	1,016,4
)	NII	
	Other 50% Continues	56,609,4
1	Other  5% Contingency  nterest During Construction	56,609,4 43,323,5 13,285,8

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### **Business model**

Operate tollway and collect fees for passenger trips, freight, and parcels. In pod direct marketing/advertising.

Renewable energy generation with storage. Utility attachment fees.

#### **Concession Agreement with Government**

- Easement rights-of-way for 5% share of revenue
- · Guaranteed minimum usage by government
- · 35 to 50 yr term with extension or removal at end
- · A common carrier with social benefit
- · Can sell and distribute renewable energy
- · No land ownership
- · Local content %, Job transition programs
- Clear tender process & reasonable import tariffs
- · Formula for setting majority of fares.
- · Utility integration with attachment fees
- · Service quality levels, capped liability, safety program

Project's IRR

Ability to move project funds into and out of the country

### **Financial Strengths**

- **Predictable revenue** from long-term contracts and multiple revenue streams, including PPA.
- **Durable High Margins** from long-term contracts, network effects, high barriers to entry, a platform business model, a vertically integrated system, and exclusivity.
- Fixed price & time construction installation of factory-built light civil infrastructure. Phased roll-out.
- Low CAPEX and competitive with rebuilding a roadway or transition to electric vehicles. Lightweight vehicles and loads enable low cost civil structures. Rapid construction reduces interest on debt.
- Low OPEX because no driver cost, no fuel cost, low maintenance and repair costs, low marketing costs
- Low fixed OPEX over 75% of expenses are variable and proportional to revenue.
- Sustainable/Equitable Clean energy and transport delivers superior ESG/SDG/Triple-bottom line
- **Proven tech** Comparable systems have been operating safety for 40+ years in US. Fixed price contracts.

Financial Projections	Expected	50% less passenger trips	50% less passenger trips & 50% less freight trips		
Project cost / CAPEX	\$332.1M	\$332.1M	\$332.1M		
NET REVENUE	\$710.4M	\$534.8M	\$368.8M		
Passenger fares	\$342.4M	\$171.2M	\$171.2M		
Long-term guaranteed contracts (est.)  Daily trips (% mode share)  Avg. revenue per trip: \$  Revenue per vehicle	\$17.1M 563,695 (45%) \$1.66	\$8.6M 281,848 (23%)	\$8.6M 281,848 (23%)		
Advertising	\$8.8M	\$4.4M	\$4.4M		
per hour per passenger		·	,		
Freight & Parcels  Long-term guaranteed contracts (est.)		\$332.1M	\$166.0M \$11.6M		
Energy \$/MWh (\$/GJ)	1	\$4.6M	\$4.6M		
EV & Carbon Credits per tCO2e	ψ10.0m	\$13.5M	\$13.5M		
Attachment fees	\$9.1M	\$9.1M	\$9.1M		
OPEX	\$194.2M	\$150.3M	\$108.8M		
Toll share	1.00	\$26.7M	\$18.4M		
Operations & Maintenance, SG&A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$107.0M	\$73.8M		
Depreciation / Reserve		\$16.6M	\$16.6M		
EBIT	\$516.2M	\$384.5M	\$260.0M		
Interest Payment	\$22.4M	\$22.4M	\$22.4M		
Net Operating Income (NOI)	\$419.7M	\$307.8M	\$201.9M		
Gross Margin (OPEX/Revenue)	73%	72%	70%		
NOI / Project cost ratio		0.93	0.61		
Breakeven Revenue					
Return of Capital					
DSCR Cash-Flow-to-Debt Ratio					
Casn-Flow-to-Debt Hatio Valuation at year 5 (with P/E ratio of 4)		}			
	φ2.0D (¬2.0 times mittal equity)	1			

76%

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# 10-year Pro Forma

Dollar values in thousands USD ('000)

W.		•		2			-		, .	•	10
Years 1 INCOME STATEMENT		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8	9	10
	¢	0 \$	213,110 \$	298,354 \$	417,696 \$	584,775 \$	710,368 \$	710.240		\$71\$	710 240
2 Net Revenues	\$	0%	30%	42%	417,090 \$ 59%	384,773 \$ 82%	10,308 \$	710,368 <i>100%</i>		⊅/ I <b>⊅</b>	710,368 <i>100%</i>
3 % of steady-state revenue	¢	0%	53,278								
4 Operating Costs	\$		•	74,589	104,424	146,194	194,864	194,864			194,864
5 Toll Share	\$	0.00	10,656	14,918	20,885	29,239	35,518	35,518			35,518
6 Operations & Maintenance, SG&A	\$	0	42,622	59,671	83,539	116,955	142,074	142,074			142,074
7 Depreciation / Reserve	\$	0	0	0	0	0	17,272	17,272			17,272
8 EBIT	\$	0	159,833	223,766	313,272	438,581	515,504	515,504		104	515,504
9 Interest Payment	\$	22,388 \$	22,388 \$	22,388 \$	22,388 \$	22,388 \$	22,388 \$	22,388		\$	22,388
10 Taxes	\$	0	20,617	30,207	43,633	62,429	73,967	73,967			73,967
11 Net Operating Income (NOI)	\$	(22,388)	116,828	171,171	247,252	353,764	419,149	419,149			419,149
12 BALANCE SHEET											
13 Total Assets	\$	336,158	337,748	339,974	343,091	345,433	345,433	345,433			345,433
(BOP) Cash & Marketable Secur.											
15 Fixed Assets (acquisition cost)	\$	336,158	337,748	339,974	343,091	345,433	345,433	345,433			345,433
16 Depreciation	\$	16,808	16,887	16,999	17,155	17,272	17,272	17,272			17,272
7 Accumulated Depreciation	\$	16,808	33,695	50,694	67,849	85,120	102,392	119,663			188,750
18 Total Liabilities	\$	279,004	279,004	279,004	279,004	279,004	279,004	279,004			279,004
19 Debt	\$	279,004	279,004	279,004	279,004	279,004	279,004	279,004			279,004
20 Equity	\$	66,429	183,258	354,429	601,680	955,444	1,374,593	1,793,742			3,470,337
21 Capital	\$	66,429	66,429	66,429	66,429	66,429	66,429	66,429			66,429
22 Retained Earnings	\$	0	116,828	287,999	535,251	889,015	1,308,164	1,727,312			3,403,907
23 CASH FLOW											
24 Free Cash Flow	\$	(336,158)	158,243	221,540	310,156	436,238	532,776	532,776			532,776
25 Cash From Operations	\$	0	159,833	223,766	313,272	438,581	532,776	532,776			532,776
26 Increases in Working Capital	\$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
27 CAPEX	\$	336,158	1,590	2,226	3,117	2,343	0	0			0
28 Fixed Infrastructure	\$	269,051	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
29 Energy	\$	49,846	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
30 Pods	\$	3,975	1,590	2,226	3,117	2,343	0	0			0
31 Interest during construction	\$	13,286	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
32 Cash Flow From/To Finance	\$	323,045	(22,388)	(22,388)	(22,388)	(22,388)	(22,388)	(22,388)			(22,388)
33 Cash From/To Equity Investors	\$	66,429	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
34 Cash From/To Debt (Principal)	\$	279,004	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
35 Dividends	\$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
36 IRR to date	Ψ	loss	(53%)	8%	41%	58%	67%	72%			76%
mit to uate		1033	(3370)	0 /0	7170	30 /0	J1 /0	12/0			7070

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# **Offering**

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		IPO or			
Phase -	Initial Development	Development Equity	Implementation Equity	Debt	Brownfield Investors
Amount to be Raised	\$1.3M	\$13.3M	\$51.8M	\$279.0M	
Status	To be raised	To be raised	Have com	12-18 months from start of operations	
Collateral/Asset	MOU an	d/or PPA	Installed equipmen	t, Tax Credits, PPA	
Terms	Com	mon + Preferred S	hares	5-20 year term Limited Recourse	Dividends and share of profits
Exit		implementation months)	Exit @ 18 months after start of operations	n/a	Dividends and profit distribution
Investment goals	-	ted returns arantee (BG)	>20% IRR	Low risk of default	Long-term, dependable cash flow
Target Return on Capital	_		36%	n/a	15%
Use of Funds & Milestones	Contract for Bankable Feasibility Study. Environmental impact Route Survey. Pilot ordered. Create project company in country.	Permits & Planning. Major contracts signed. Pilot installed. Full investment docs. Concession signed.	Overall Design and Docs. First phase procurement and implementation. Insurance & bonding.	Remaining Procurement, installation, and commissioning.	

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