



Transit X presents a preliminary proposal for a privately-financed public transit system — a fleet of automated electric vehicles (pods) for passengers and freight on a local and inter-city micro-guideway providing equitable transportation for

College Park, GA

This proposal is downloadable at transitx.com/proposals/Transit X for College Park,GA.pdf

High capacity · High speed · Nonstop · 24/7 Sustainable · Zero Wait · Door-to-door · Resilient

A companion Transit X Handbook is available at transitx.com/transitxhandbook.pdf

17.0 mile network with 529 pods

95% of population within a 5 min. walk

Nonstop 45 mph service to 116 stops



Transit X proposes to finance, build and operate a sustainable microguideway to carry passengers and freight for College Park that makes a podway convenient to 95% of the population.

Transit X efficiently services both suburbs and cities and provides for a higher quality of life. See transitx.com for more details. This 3-minute video (transitx.com/ video) describes our innovative solution.

Major benefits

- Reduce congestion
- · Provide parking relief
- Reduce pollution
- · Improve safety

The Transit X Handbook (<u>transitx.com/</u> <u>transitxhandbook.pdf</u>) answers many questions about our service, the company, our technology, and the way we address: congestion, parking, road safety, pedestrian safety, accessibility, sustainability, fares,



renewable energy & storage, construction, aesthetics, operations, economic development, quality of service, security, station footprint, equitability, carbon footprint, transit integration, resiliency, reliability, rights-of-way, and open space.

Congestion, parking, pollution, and safety

Most regions suffer from traffic congestion, limited parking, air pollution, and unsafe roads. Potential solutions are costly, but Transit X can solve these challenges without public funding. The Transit X podway can integrate into the built environment, providing both short term relief and a long term solution.

High Capacity & High Speed

A single guideway carries 12,000 pods per hour (20,000 to 50,000 passengers per hour). Two landing areas fit in a single car space and provide 2,000 boardings per hour. For urban commutes, pods trips are 3 times faster than car trips and the high-speed podway provides faster door-to-door trips than air travel for distances of 1,000 miles or less.

Zero Footprint and Minimal Disruption

Transit X features stops that don't interfere with pedestrians or other forms of transportation. We use space alongside highway and roads and integrate utility lines and poles. Non-stop interchanges fit above existing intersections. Factory-built infrastructure enables fast installation with minimal disruption. Multiple options for long crossings using bridges or underground tunnels. Posts are typically spaced at 23 m (25 yds). Multiple options for pods to traverse any grade or slope.

Low-cost Infrastructure & equitable fares

Transit X projects do not require government funding because revenue from fares, freight, and advertising is much higher than our costs. We have reduced or eliminated many costs of transportation including the cost of materials, land, construction, fuel, debt service, and labor. Our projects are typically financed by impact investors, private wealth funds, commercial banks, sovereign wealth funds, and governments.

Proven technology

Our team and partners have built fully automated systems that are now in operation around the world. Transit X may look unique, but the underlying design is very similar to systems that have been operating for 40 years with an exemplary safety record. The rollout and maiden flight occurred on Oct 29, 2018 in Leominster, Massachusetts. The first project groundbreaking will be in 2020.

Service Quality

Transit X provides on-demand, last-mile service that is superior to cars or buses. An operating agreement will guarantee high levels of availability and reliability. Our use of small vehicles (pods) makes this possible. By reducing car use, podways create walkable and bike-friendly neighborhoods.

Less pollution: Air, Sound, Light, Visual, Water

Transit X podways offer a much higher quality of life by eliminating many forms of pollution. Pods are quiet, efficient and have zero emissions. Pods offer less visual impact than the existing roads and vehicles, and utility lines can be hidden within the guideway. At night, there is no light pollution from headlights or taillights. Water pollution from road runoff is significantly reduced. Parking lots and roadways can be converted into green space and community paths as they become unnecessary.

Sustainable and Efficient

Pods weigh only 55 kg (121 lbs) and achieve over 20 times the efficiency of electric cars. Renewable energy and storage installed on our guideways and posts provide 100% of the clean energy needed to power the system.

More Transit & Fewer Cars

Podways provides the convenience and privacy that people value in cars, yet without their negative impacts. Transit X combines the best of mass transit and personal transportation modes which leads to greater use of public transit and fewer cars.

De-risking Projects

Transit X partners with large, established firms to provide fixed-price contracts for the engineering, certification, construction, and operations of a podway. These partnerships enable Transit X to de-risk all of the major elements of the project, and provide performance guarantees. We work with local construction firms.

Jobs and Workforce Development

Many regional jobs will be created to build a new transportation infrastructure, as well many new types of jobs will be created from economic growth. The majority of the construction jobs will be locally sourced and preferential hiring is given to those displaced by the transition. We welcome labor unions.

Revenue Generator

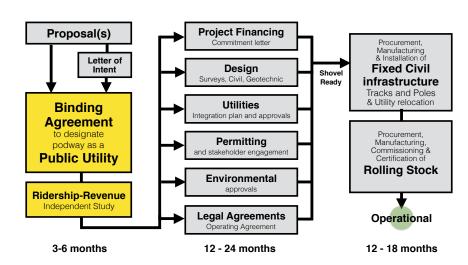
Projects do not require government funding, and owners of the rights-of-way receive a Toll Share that is 5% of gross revenue for rights-of-way, estimated to be US\$2 million per year at the revenue target.

Short and Long Term Solution

A project could be operational within 24 months from the start of a project. Transit X offers a rapidly-deployable solution that provides long term benefits. We would form a local company to build, operate, and maintain the network. At least 75% of the profits are re-invested in the community and region.

Moving Forward

The diagram shows our process for a project. We submit a project proposal, then ask for a commitment for Transit X to build and operate a podway along rights-of-way. Example documents and a sample project schedule can be viewed at:



transitx.com/process

Evaluation

Please review our

preliminary proposal, and then ask us any questions. We would be happy to provide further information, address specific concerns, or meet with specific people or groups. Any routes or coverage areas shown on the map are only preliminary suggestions and actual routes would be determined based on needs, rights-of-ways, utility corridors, location of trees, and many other factors.

We expect this proposal to be reviewed by one or more committees or working groups. Familiar transportation options, such as buses, light rail, subways, and ridesharing services (including autonomous vehicles) may have already been considered. Very few options offer the convenience of cars with at least the capacity of buses, and most, if not all, require public funding and subsidies.

Private cars have a dominant mode share because people like the privacy and convenience of a car — despite the significant risks and negative impact associated with them. People won't give up their cars unless the alternative is both better and cheaper. That is what Transit X can provide.

We hope you agree that this proposal offers a way to address your challenges in both the short and long term, providing an option that is better and lower risk than any alternative — including continuing with the status quo.

We hope you will conclude that moving forward with Transit X is an excellent opportunity to meet your current and future challenges.

We look to a commitment enabling Transit X to build and operate podways along public rights-of-way, similar to other public utilities.

Other Resources

The links below provide general information about Transit X:

- Video presentations: transitx.com/video (2 min) transitx.com/v (5 min)
- Transit X Handbook (transitx.com/transitxhandbook.pdf)
- · Company profile (transitx.com/about.pdf)
- Other proposals (transitx.com/w)
- The process and templates for agreements (transitx.com/process)

Addendum

The remaining pages of this proposal provide project-specific details:

- Project Overview and Impact pages 6 and 7
- Toll Share pages 8 and 9
- Fares page 10 and 11
- Jobs Report page 12

We look forward to working with you to improve the quality of life for College Park through better transportation.

Sincerely,



Email: hello@transitx.com Telephone: +1 508-596-7024 (WhatsApp connected) Zoom e-room: https://zoom.us/j/8229009123 Website: transitx.com Twitter: http://twitter.com/TransitXCorp Mail: 1127 Commonwealth Ave #30, Boston, MA 02134 USA



Project Overview



1	Podway network length	28.7	km	17.0 mile
2	People (resident-equivalent) in region	15,035	resident-equivalent po	pulation
3	Route density ratio (route length to service area)	1.16		
4	Number of stops	116		
5	Triple-speed route length	0	km	
6	Water crossing route length	0	km	
7	Cost of fixed infrastructure	\$104,213,333		
8	per resident	\$6,931		
9	Target podway mode share	81%		
10	Distance traveled by passengers on podway, per year	121,407,625	km	75,408,463 miles
11	per day	332,624	km	206,599 miles
12	Daily potential energy generation on podway	331.0	MWh	
13	Sustainable energy use per day	2.3	MWh	
14	Energy storage capital cost for 1 day(s) of supply at \$200 per kWh	\$451,053		
15	Nominal power of solar installation to meet self-demand	524	kW	
16	Cost to generate sustainable energy (at \$1,000 per kW)	\$524,314		
17	Cost to buy sustainable energy at \$0.08 per kWh	\$180	per day	
18	Daily podway passengers	12,141	customers	81% of the pop.
19	Distance per passenger per day	27	km	17.0 miles
20	Average distance per trip (assuming 3 trips per day)	9	km	5.7 miles
21	Single passenger fare for shared 9 km trip	\$2.25		
22	Revenue from Base Fare		/vehicle-km	
23 24	Revenue from Market Fare Total Fare Revenue		/vehicle-km /vehicle-km	
25	Passenger distance traveled during peak hour	66,525		41,320 miles
26	Boarding capacity		passengers per hour (
27	Number of pods for peak demand	,	pods at 81% mo	
29	Breakeven (as percentage of target ridership)	32%		
29	Number of customers per pod		and 28 residents pe	rnod
28 29	Distance per pod per year	168,058		τρου
30	Operating costs (including Toll Share)		/vehicle-km	
30	Pod garage area (3% of route with side-parking)	582		0.2% of car parking
31	Cost of pods		is \$176 per resident	
32				•
32	Capital cost of energy generation and storage	\$1,267,977	is \$84 per resident	
33 P	roject Finances			
34	Total Project Cost	\$108,919,810		
35	Project cost per km	\$3,790,802	per km	US\$6.1M per mi.

34	Total Project Cost	\$108,919,810	
35	Project cost per km	\$3,790,802 per km	US\$6.1M per mi.
36	Project costs — per resident	\$7,244	
37	Net Revenue	\$41,999,004	
38	Toll Share	\$2,099,950	
39	Operating Expenses	\$8,399,801	
40	Interest	\$3,812,193	
41	Taxes	\$2,768,706	
42	Net Operating Income (NOI)	\$24,918,354	
43	Cap Rate (NOI / Project Cost)	0.23	
44	Number of motor vehicles displaced	12,141 motor vehicles	
45	Yearly cost of cars displaced - per resident	\$7,268	

Project Overview p. 2



Impact of	proposed	network
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1	Transit A.	Reduction in GHG emissions (metric tons CO2-eq)
2		Estimated cost to maintain public roadways
3		Reduced waste products
4		Travel time saved (non-stop travel and congestion)
5		Cost savings from reduced car ownership
6		Increase in household income (from time savings and car costs)
7		Reported injuries avoided
8		Lives saved (from safety)
9		Land freed from parking (69 acres)
12	т	emperature reduction (from heat island effect & GHG reductions)
11		Health care savings (from pollution, injuries)

23 m cols/km: 44

11,989	MTCO2-eq annually
\$9,980,816	annually
1,946	metric tons annually
486	hrs/person annually
\$2,101	per person annually
16%	
75	annually
1	annually
279,238	m ²
0.5 to 2	°C
High	

Inputs and Assumptions

4						
	km/h	3 mph	1	Name of region or project	College Parl	k, GA
0.82	km	1 mile	2	Currency name		
0,000 0,000			3	Equal to US\$1	1	
0,000			4	Energy in CAPEX or OPEX	CAPEX	
0,000	km	6,211 miles	5	Land area of region (sq. km)	26	
	km	-,	6	Number of residents in region	15,035	
	at 5 min walk.		7	% travel within region	100%	
20% 3,598	pph		8	% of land area served by roads	95%	
	seconds		9	Coverage: % of pop. convenient (5 min walk) to a podway	95%	
	km/h	45 mph	10	Annual median household income (US\$)	\$55,000	
	per day passengers		11	Convenient walk time to stop (min)	5	
1.4	passengers		12	Triple-speed route length (km)	0	
18%	passengers		13	Water crossing route length (km)	0.0	
25%	passengers		14	Visitors per vear	0	
5,000			15	Average length of visit (days)	2	
0,000	people/house					
\$0.41	people/nouse		16	Solar production ratio	1.57	
\$0.66			17	Regional Fare Factor	1	
2.1			18	Price adjust (EPC costs & contingency)	30%	
60% 20%			19	Triple-speed (km/h)	242	
70%			20	Daily Passengers Adjustment	100%	
	interest		21	Number of Stops Adjustment	100%	
2.37	kg/liter		22	Mode Share Adjustment	100%	
0,000			22	•		
23	m²	247 sf	23	Corporate Tax Rate	10%	
\$1.10	per m ²		24	Interest Rate on Debt	5.0%	
0.25						
	stops/km					
360	ppn m ²				Pod	Car
	per kWh		25	Service life (years)) 20	12
	per kWh		26	Full cost of vehicle per year	r \$200	\$9,000

25	Service life (years)	20	12
26	Full cost of vehicle per year	\$200	\$9,000
27	Public cost to maintain infrastructure per year per km	\$0	\$100,000
28	Energy consumption (MPGe)	3564	24
29	Energy consumption (liters/100km)	0.07	9.8
30	Energy consumption (Watt-hours/km)	9	1375
31	mass of CO2 per vehicle per km (kg)	0	0.09875
32	Vehicle mass (kg)	45	1950
33	Average speed of urban travel (km/h)	72	16
34	Typical travel time (in minutes) for 9 km trip	8	34
35	Fare/cost per km	\$0.41	\$0.62
36	Number of deaths per 100M passenger-km	0.00001	0.62
37	Number of injuries per 100M passenger-km	0.0006	62
38	Volume to park (cubic meters)	5.7	70.9

16 Walking speed 4.9 km/h 17 Width of convenient swath along podway 0.82 km 18 Fixed cost per km (track & posts) \$\$2,790,000 \$\$2,790,000 20 Triple-speed: additional cost per km \$\$8,370,000 \$\$5,580,000 21 Rate factor for water crossings or high-speed links. 2.2 \$\$2,790,000 km 22 Average distance traveled per person per year 10,000 km 23 Average distance traveled per person per year 27 km 24 Mode share % of people convenient to a podway 85% at 5 min water at 5 min water 30% of pods traveling on route with highest demand 18% 26 Maximum capacity per guideway 23,598 pph 27 Average dwell time during peak hour 10 seconds 28 % of pods traveling on route with highest demand 18% per day 30 Average passengers per pod 1.4 passenger 31 Average discount per passenger 18% passenger 32 Average discount per passenger 18% passenger 33 Maximum passenger per pod 5.4				Inputs
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Rights-of-Way owners' Toll Share is 5% of gross revenue

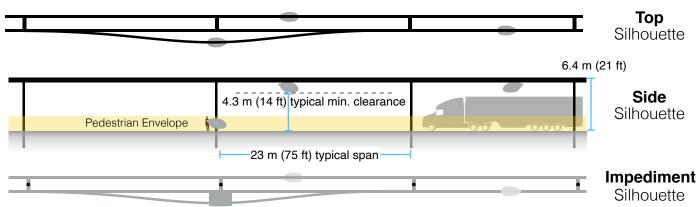
with a minimum payment based on the Footprint and the Transit X Commercial Rate (TXCR).

,	Toll Share Payment (inclusive of all fees and taxes)		
	Estimated Annual Payment at target revenue	\$2,099,950 annually	\$140 per resident
	with a minimum of	\$59,013 annually	
0			
1	Other financial benefits to Owne	ers of Rights-of-way and/or	Local Government:
2	Less road maintenance from lower VMT		
3	Public land made available from less parking and lanes		
4	Reduced emergency and police services for road-related incidents		
5	Less investment needed in road-based infrastructure (charging stations, signals, BRT, etc)		

1 Minimum payment calculations

2	Total commercial land (estimated)	2,470,000 m ²	610 acres
3	Total commercial gov't revenue (US\$)	\$2,717,000	
4	TXCR (Transit X Commercial Rate)	\$1.10 per m ² (estimated)	
5	TXCR is the yearly tax rate per land area. Calculation: total land area of commercial properties in the governmental region, divided by all the governmental income generated by those properties. The TXCR is used to calculate the minimum tax/fee.	\$11.84 per sf (estimated)	

Toll Share Minimum Calculation



Pod landing area: 1.5m x 2.5m with 3m minimum spacing

1	Footprint Calculations	Metric	Imperial
2	Guideway width	<u>0.35</u> m	13.8 inches
3	Guideway height	<u>0.65</u> m	25.6 inches
4	Post diameter	<u>0.4</u> m	15.7 inches
5	Post cross section	<u>0.13</u> m ²	1.4 sf
6	Stop landing area	<u>3.75</u> m ²	40.4 sf
7	width	<u>1.5</u> m	59.1 inches
8	length	<u>2.5</u> m	98.4 inches
9	Ramp length	<u>21</u> m	68.9 feet
10	Typical Span	<u>23</u> m	75.5 feet
11	Number of posts per unit length	<u>43.5</u> poles per km	70.0 poles per mile
12	Post height	<u>6</u> m	19.7 feet
13			
14	Single guideway	1172.2 m ²	12612 sf
15	Area of Side Silhouette	754.3 m ²	8117 sf
16	Area of Top Silhouette	363.2 m ²	3908 sf
17	Impediment Area (adjusted)	54.6 m ²	588 sf
18			
19	Dual guideway	1522.2 m ²	16378 sf
20	Area of Side Silhouette	754.3 m ²	8117 sf
21	Area of Top Silhouette	713.2 m ²	7674 sf
22	Impediment Area (adjusted)	54.6 m ²	588 sf
23			
24	Stop	86.3 m ²	928 sf
25	Area of Side Silhouette	27.3 m ²	294 sf
26	Area of Top Silhouette	21.5 m ²	231 sf
27	Impediment Area (adjusted)	37.5 m ²	404 sf
28			
29	Stops with dedicated landing areas	4.0 stops per km	6.5 stops per mile
30	% of dual guideway	100%	
31			
32	Average area per unit length	1,867 m ² per route-kn	n 32,404 sf per route-mile
33			
34	Impediment Factor	10	



	Faster travel saves a household 295 hours per year.*
Summary	At 0.40 per mile, a typical commute on
	Transit X is 17% less than public transit

		Trip Length						
	All prices in USD	1.2 mile	6 mile	25 mile				
	Transit X	0.49 to 0.82 2 min., 3.6x faster	2.43 to 4.07 8 min., 3.6x faster	9.31 to 15.87 33 min., 3.4x faster				
	Public transit average	2.75	4.37	6.41				
lodes	Taxi	3.81 2 to 6 minutes	16.60 8 to 30 minutes	64.56 30 to 120 minutes				
Common public modes	Uber/Lyft	2.90 2 to 6 minutes	11.95 8 to 30 minutes	45.89 30 to 120 minutes				
non pı	Public Bus	2.21 3 to 12 minutes	2.21 15 to 60 minutes	3.39 60 to 240 minutes				
Comr	Train	3.32 2 to 12 minutes	3.91 8 to 60 minutes	6.12 30 to 240 minutes				
	Personal car	3.18 2 to 6 minutes	10.00 8 to 30 minutes	35.57 30 to 120 minutes				
	Avg. Speed Low Speed	High speed	Min Dist Max Dist.	Mode share Time cost 6% 70% 24%				

										Dis	Distance (km)	
Travel mode	km/h	km/h	km/h	Base	Includes km	Over per-km	km	km	per min	2	10	40
Taxi	30	20	80	2.21	1	1.11	0.5	100	0.98	5%	4%	1%
Uber/Lyft	30	20	80	1.77	1	0.89	0.5	100	0.49	10%	10%	2%
Public Bus	15	10	40	2.21	20	0.06	0.5	50	0	50%	50%	40%
Train	30	10	80	3.32	2	0.07	2	100	0	35%	36%	57%
Transit X	72	72	72	0	0	0.25	0.1	50	0	-	-	-
Personal car	30	20	80	1.48	0	0.74	0.1	400	0.23	-	-	-

* All numbers on mode shares, speeds, and costs are estimates based on global averages.

Base fares are set for first 3 years, then adjusted by formula. A 20% discount on a shared pod and a 40% discount on a shared compartment. Trips are discounted proportional to their length reaching a maximum of a 40% discount on a 500 km trip. No congestion-based pricing. Fares are proportional to the median income of the area and inversely proportional to per capita use, so the more use of Transit X, the lower the base fare up a to 50% discount. The amount of market-rate fares must be less than the amount of discounted fares. Transit X Fair Fare Formula and Fair Freight Formula is universal and applies to all regions and all times. Market rate fares must account for less than half of all fares.

Fair Fare Formula

Fare rates are updated annually using this formula

	Name	Value	Units	Description of the value or model input
1	GlobalIncome	10,000	USD	Global median household income. Updated annually based on most recent standard published data.
2	AllTravel	20,000	km	Travel distance per household per year on any mode for trips under 1600 km. A global constant
3	PercentIncomeForTra nsport	25%		% of median household income for all transportation under 1600 km trips. A global constant.
4	GlobalRate	0.13	USD/km	Global minimum rate: GlobalIncome * PercentIncomeForTransport / AllTravel
5	IncomeFirst	<u>\$55,000</u>	USD	Median household income at first stop (per person per day). External input. Based on reliable public data source updated annually. Maximum is 8 times GlobalIncome
6	IncomeDest	80,000	USD	Median household income at destination per trip. External input. Based on reliable public data updated annually. Maximum is 8 times GlobalIncome
7	RegionalRate	0.69	USD/km	Regional rate based on median income: MedianIncomeFirst * PercentIncomeForTransport / AllTravel
8	UnderIncomeRate	0.00	USD/km	Under global income adjustment: if (RegionalRate < GlobalRate, GlobalRate - RegionalRate, 0)
9	NominalRate	0.69	USD/km	Nominal rate: RegionalRate + UnderIncomeRate
10	RegionalFactor	<u>1.00</u>		Regional Fare Factor. Negotiated upfront to make network financially viable.
11	AdjustedRate	0.69	USD/km	Regional adjusted rate: NominalRate * RegionalFactor
12	Population	<u>15,035</u>		Population in region. Updated annually based on trusted public data source.
13	UsageMaxDiscount	50%		Fare Discount when Transit X travel per household equals AllTravel. Global constant.
14	ModeShare	<u>81%</u>		Percent of Total Travel Per Capita on Transit X podways. Based on target mode share for first 3 years, then adjusted based on actual travel. PassengerTravel / (Population x AllTravel)
15	BaseRate	0.41	USD/km	Base rate for single-passenger pod (without discounts) (1 - UsageMaxDiscount x min(1,ModeShare)) x AdjustedRate
16	SpecialRateFactor	2.20		Rate factor for water crossings or high-speed links. Global constant.
17	SpecialBaseRate	0.90	USD/km	Base rate for high-speed travel or water crossings: BaseRate * SpecialRateFactor
18	DistanceDiscount	40%		Distance discount at max distance. Global constant.
19	MaxDistanceDiscount	500	km	Max distance discount. Global constant.
20	DistanceDiscountPer Km	0.000328	USD/km	Discount amount per km: BaseRate x DistanceDiscount / MaxDistanceDiscount
21	SeniorDiscount	20%		Senior discount set according to local regulations
22	StudentDiscount	20%		Student discount set according to local regulations
23	DisabilityDiscount	20%		Disability discount set according to local regulations
24	DiscountBaseRate	0.33	USD/km	Discounted base rate: BaseRate x (1 - SeniorDiscount)
25	SharedPodDiscount	20%		Discount for requesting a shared pod. 15% minimum and 30% maximum.
26	SharedPodRate	0.33	USD/km	Rate for a shared pod: BaseRate x (1 - SharedPodDiscount)
27	SharedCompartment Discount	40%		Discount for requesting a shared compartment. 25% minimum and 40% maximum. At least 10 percentage points higher than SharedPodDiscount.
28	SharedCompartment Rate	0.25	USD/km	Rate for shared compartment BaseRate x (1 - SharedCompartmentDiscount)
29	SingleOccupancyMax Distance	0.28	USD/km	Rate for 500 km in single-passenger pod.
30	Senior + SharedCompartment Rate	0.12	USD/km	Rate for a Senior taking a 500 km trip in a shared compartment. BaseRate x (1 - SeniorDiscountAmount) x (1 - SharedCompartmentDiscount) x (1 - MaxDistanceDiscount)
31	50PctIncomeAtDest	23%		% Higher fare rate if Destination has 50% higher median income than First (IncomeDest / IncomeFirst - 1) / 2
32	DistanceBase	-	km	Passenger distance under base fare.
33	PercentBase	<u>74%</u>		Percent of passenger distance under base fare. Audited value from operational data. DistanceBase / PassengerTravel
34	AverageDiscount	18%		Average fare discount from Base Rate. Audited value from operational data. 1 - (BaseRevenue / (DIstanceDase x BaseRate))
35	MarketFactor	1.0		Market rate factor. Negotiated value for setting ratio of AverageDiscount
36	MarketRateCap	18%		Cap on passenger travel distance at market rate: AverageDiscount x MarketFactor

Jobs Report*

This project would create 500 new jobs in manufacturing, construction, and operations. About 200 existing transportation jobs would be impacted — of which 0 workers would need significant retraining. Improving the transportation infrastructure will boost the economy overall and lead to 200 new jobs. Lowering the cost of transportation and reducing travel times raises household income by 16%.

1	Annual median household income (US\$)	\$55,000	
2	CAPEX		
3	Average gross CAPEX salary (% of median HH)	125%	
4	Average gross CAPEX salary	\$68,750	
5	% of CAPEX as salary	15%	
6	Years of CAPEX	2	
7	# of CAPEX jobs	120	
8	% of jobs that are manufacturing vs. construction	75%	
9	Manufacturing jobs	90	
10	Construction jobs	30	
11	Supply chain jobs factor	3	
12	Jobs in supply chain	360	
13	Average gross OPEX salary (% of median HH)	115%	
14	Average gross OPEX salary	\$63,250	
15	% of OPEX as salary	30%	
16	Operations and Maintenance jobs	40	
17	Secondary-effect jobs factor	7%	
18	Secondary effect jobs	190	
19	Job transitioning and training		
20	Expected mode share at 10 years (from page 6, line 9)	81%	
21	% of population with a full-time job	60%	9,021
22	jobs in transportation	10%	902
23	jobs impacted with this proposed network	20%	180
24	jobs requiring significant retraining	20%	36
25	Jobs needing retraining with this proposed network (over 10 years)	0.3%	30
26	Training cost per person as % of salary (from line 13)	100%	\$63,250
27	Number of years that training is divided across	10	
28	Ratio (as %) of training costs vs. gov't revenue from Transit X project	9%	\$189,750

* Numbers are approximations based on a universal model. A regional study could analyze data based on local conditions.