



Transit X presents a preliminary proposal for a sustainable micro-guideway network — a fleet of automated electric vehicles (pods) for passengers and freight on a local and regional podway providing equitable public transportation for

San Francisco, CA

This proposal is downloadable at transitx.com/proposals/Transit X for San Francisco,CA.pdf

High capacity · High speed · Nonstop · 24/7 Solar powered · Zero Wait · Door-to-door · Resilient

A companion Transit X Handbook is available at transitxhandbook.pdf



Proposal Overview



Transit X proposes to finance, build and operate a sustainable microguideway to carry passengers and freight for San Francisco that makes the Transit X service convenient to 95% of the population.

Transit X efficiently services both suburbs and cities and provides for a higher quality of life. See transitx.com for more details. This 3-minute video (transitx.com/video) describes our innovative solution.

Major benefits

- · Reduce congestion
- · Provide parking relief
- · Reduce pollution
- Improve safety

The Transit X Handbook (<u>transitx.com/</u> <u>transitxhandbook.pdf</u>) answers many questions about our service, the company, our technology, and the way we address: congestion, parking, road safety, pedestrian safety, ADA compliance, sustainability, fares,



solar+storage, construction, aesthetics, operations, economic development, quality of service, security, station footprint, equitability, carbon footprint, transit integration, resiliency, reliability, rights-of-way, and open space.

Congestion, parking, pollution, and safety

Most regions suffer from traffic congestion, limited parking, air pollution, and unsafe roads. Potential solutions are costly, but Transit X can solve these challenges without public funding. Transit X can integrate into the built environment, providing both short term relief and a long term solution.

High Capacity & High Speed

A single track carries 12,000 pods per hour (20,000 to 50,000 passengers per hour). Two boarding areas fit in a single car space and provide 2,000 boardings per hour. For urban commutes, pods trips are 3 times faster than car trips and the high-speed podway provides faster door-to-door trips than air travel for distances of 1,000 miles or less.

Zero Footprint and Minimal Disruption

Transit X features stops that don't interfere with pedestrians or other forms of transportation. We use easements alongside highway and roads and integrate utility lines and poles Non-stop interchanges fit above existing intersections. Factory-built tracks and posts enable fast installation with minimal disruption. There are options for long crossings using bridges or underground tunnels. Posts are typically spaced at 23 m (25 yds).

Low-cost Infrastructure & equitable fares

Transit X does not require government funding because our revenue from fares, freight, and advertising is greater than our costs. We have reduced or eliminated many costs of transportation including the cost of materials, land, construction, fuel, debt service, and labor. Our projects are typically financed by investment banks, private equity firms, banks, and governments.

Proven technology

Our team and partners have built fully automated systems that are now in operation around the world. Transit X may look unique, but the underlying design is very similar to systems that have been operating for 40 years with an exemplary safety record. The rollout and maiden flight occurred on Oct 29, 2018 in Leominster, Massachusetts. The first Transit X system will be demonstrated by the end of 2019.

Service Quality

Transit X provides on-demand, last-mile service that is superior to cars or buses. An operating agreement will guarantee high levels of availability and reliability. Our use of small vehicles (pods) makes this possible. By reducing car use, Transit X creates walkable and bike-friendly neighborhoods.

Less pollution: Air, Sound, Light, Visual, Water

Transit X offers a much higher quality of life by eliminating many forms of pollution. Pods are quiet, efficient and have zero emissions. Pods offer less visual impact than the existing roads and vehicles, and utility lines can be hidden within the track. At night, there is no light pollution from headlights or taillights. Water pollution from road runoff is significantly reduced. Parking lots and roadways can be converted into green space and community paths as they become unnecessary.

Sustainable and Efficient

Pods weigh only 55 kg (121 lbs) and achieve over 20 times the efficiency of electric cars. Solar, wind, and storage installed on our tracks and posts can provide 100% of the clean energy needed to power the system.

More Transit & Fewer Cars

Transit X provides the convenience and privacy that people value in cars, yet without the negative impacts of personal cars. Transit X combines the best of mass transit and personal transportation modes which will lead to greater use of public transit and fewer cars.

De-risking Projects

Transit X partners with large, established firms to provide fixed-price contracts for the engineering, certification, construction, and operations of a Transit X system. Theses partnerships enable Transit X to de-risk all of the major elements of the project, and provide performance guarantees. We work with local construction firms.

Jobs and Workforce Development

Many regional jobs will be created to build a new transportation infrastructure, as well many new types of jobs will be created from economic growth. The majority of

the construction jobs will be locally sourced and preferential hiring is given to those displaced by the transition.

Revenue Generator for Government

Not only does Transit X not require public financing, but the government and private easement owners receive 4-5% of gross revenue, which would be US\$157 million per year average over the first 10 years.

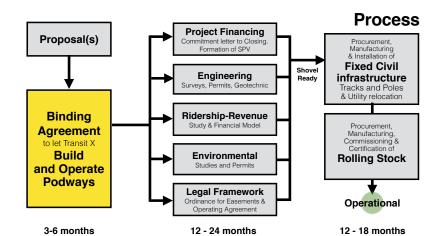
Short and Long Term Solution

A project could be operational within 24 months from the start of a project. Transit X offers a rapidly-deployable solution that provides long term benefits. We would form a local company to build, operate, and maintain the network. At least 75% of the profits would be invested back into the region.

Moving Forward

The diagram shows our process for a project. We submit a project proposal, then ask for a commitment for Transit X to build and operate a podway along rights-of-way easements. Example documents and a sample project schedule can be viewed at:

transitx.com/process



Evaluation

Please review our

preliminary proposal, and then ask us any questions. We would be happy to provide further information, address specific concerns, or meet with specific people or groups. Any routes or coverage areas shown on the map are only preliminary suggestions and actual routes would be determined based on needs, rights-of-ways, utility corridors, location of trees, and many other factors.

We expect this proposal to be reviewed by one or more committees or working groups. Familiar transportation options, such as buses, light rail, subways, and ridesharing services (including autonomous vehicles) may have already been considered. Very few options offer the convenience of cars with at least the capacity of buses, and most, if not all, require public funding and subsidies.

Private cars have a dominant mode share because people like the privacy and convenience of a car — despite the significant risks and negative impact associated with them. People won't give up their cars unless the alternative is both better and cheaper. That is what Transit X can provide.

We hope you agree that this proposal offers a way to address your challenges in both the short and long term, providing an option that is better and lower risk than any alternative — including continuing with the status quo.

We hope you will conclude that moving forward with Transit X is an excellent opportunity to meet your current and future challenges.

Once we agree to move forward, we look to receive a commitment for Transit X to build and operate a podway along rights-of-way easements.

Other Resources

The links below provide general information about Transit X:

- One minute video overview (transitx.com/video)
- 7 minute video presentation (https://vimeo.com/36606646/eac953c0cc)
- Transit X Handbook (transitx.com/transitxhandbook.pdf)
- Company profile (transitx.com/about.pdf)
- Other proposals (<u>transitx.com/proposals</u>)
- The process and templates for agreements (<u>transitx.com/process</u>)

Addendum

The remaining pages of this proposal provide project-specific details:

- Project Overview and Impact pages 6 and 7
- Taxes and Fees pages 8 and 9
- Fares page 10 and 11
- Financial Project Summary with Pro Forma pages 12 and 13

We look forward to working with you to improve the quality of life for San Francisco through better transportation.

Sincerely,



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Telephone: +1 508-596-7024 (WhatsApp connected)

Zoom e-room: https://zoom.us/j/8229009123

Website: transitx.com

Twitter: http://twitter.com/TransitXCorp

Mail: 1127 Commonwealth Ave #30, Boston, MA 02134 USA







11	alibita.			
1	Transit X network length	317	km	196.7 miles
2	People (resident-equivalent) in region	870,887	resident-equivalent po	pulation
3	Route density ratio (route length to service area)	2.91		
4	Number of stops	3,170		
5	Triple-speed route length	0	km	
6	Water crossing route length		km	
7	Cost of fixed infrastructure	\$1,148,667,199		
8	per person	\$1,319		
9	Mode share of travel on Transit X (28% after first year)		after 10 years	
10	Distance traveled by passengers on Transit X, per year	6,246,055,189		3,879,537,384 miles
11	per day	17,112,480		10,628,870 miles
12	Daily potential energy generation with standard panels on tracks	2,432.2		
13	Sustainable energy use per day	116.0	MWh	5.0% of max capacity
14	Energy storage capital cost for 1 day(s) of supply at \$250 per kWh	\$29,006,662		
15	Size (rated power) of solar installation	26,974	KW	
16	Cost to generate sustainable energy (at \$1,000 per kW)	\$26,974,348		
17	Cost of buying sustainable energy at \$0.15 per kWh	\$17,404		9% of OPEX
18	Daily passengers riding Transit X	734,830	customers	84% of the pop.
19	Distance per passenger per day	23	km	14.5 miles
20	Average distance per trip (assuming 3 trips per day)		km	4.8 miles
21	Single passenger fare for shared 8 km trip	\$1.88		
22	Passenger distance traveled during peak hour	3,422,496		2,125,774 miles
23	Breakeven	126,276	customers per day (17 of people convenient	7% of expected and 15% to Transit X)
24	Boarding capacity	1,141,200	passengers per hour	(155% of customers)
25	Number of pods for peak demand	27,194	pods at 84% mo	de share
26	Number of customers per pod		and 32 people per	
27	Distance per pod per year	168,190		
28	Two-layer pod garage area (10% of route with side-parking)	29,913		0.2% of car parking
29	Cost of pods	\$176,761,000	is \$156 per person	
30	Capital cost of energy generation and storage		is \$84 per person	
PI	roject Finances		· ' '	
32	Total Project Cost	\$1,398,203,511		
33	Project cost per km	\$4,414,929	per km	US\$7.1M per mi.
34	Equity financing	\$419,461,053		
35	Debt financing	\$978,742,458		
36		, , ,		
37				
38				
39	Debt service (per year)	\$166,386,218		
40	Yearly fees and taxes (US\$226 per capita)	\$197,007,558		
41				
42 43				
44	Project costs — per person	\$1,605		
45	Number of motor vehicles displaced		motor vehicles	
46	Yearly cost of cars displaced — per person	\$6,455		
	Operating costs per passenger-km	\$0.01		
47	Full costs per passenger-km	\$0.07		
48	Breakeven revenue distance per day	2,940,685		1,826,512 miles
49	Number of tracks in one direction needed to satisfy peak demand	0.21		





33 34 35

65

Impact of proposed network

1	Reduction in GHG emissions (metric tons CO2-eq)	616,798 MTCO2-eq annually
2	Estimated cost to maintain public roadways	\$56,105,724 annually
3	Reduced waste products	100,093 metric tons annually
4	Travel time saved (non-stop travel and congestion)	413 hrs/person annually
5	Cost savings from reduced car ownership	\$1,839 per person annually
6	Increase in household income (from time savings and car costs)	14%
7	Reported injuries avoided	3,873 annually
8	Lives saved (from safety)	39 annually
9	Land freed from parking (3,550 acres)	14,365,927 m ²
12	Temperature reduction (from heat island effect & GHG reductions)	0.5 to 2 °C
11	Health care savings (from pollution, injuries)	High

Model Inputs

Walking speed 4.9 km/h 3 mph 16 Width of convenient swath along track 0.33 km 0 mile 18 Fixed cost per km (track & posts) \$2,790,000 Water crossing: additional cost per km \$8,370,000 19 Triple-speed: additional cost per km \$5,580,000 20 Rate factor for water crossings or high-speed links. 21 Average distance traveled per person per year 10,000 km 22 6,211 miles (for trips under 1600 km) Average distance per day per person 27 km Mode share % of people convenient to Transit X 85% at 5 min walk 24 Percentage of daily demand during peak hour 25 Maximum capacity per track 23,598 pph Average dwell time during peak hour 10 seconds % of pods traveling on route with highest demand 18% 28 Average speed of pod 72 km/h 45 mph 29 30 Average # of trips for a daily customer 3 per day 31 Aver 32

Ratio of road length to track length

Average passengers per pod during peak hours	2.2	passengers	
Average passengers per pod	1.4	passengers	
Average discount per passenger	18%		
Maximum passengers per pod	5	passengers	
Empty pods: Percentage non-revenue	25%		
Ex-Factory cost per pod	\$5,000		
Worldwide Median Income per Household (US\$)	10,000		
Average number of residents per household	2.3		
Base fare per km	\$0.40		
(per mile)	\$0.65		
O&M as % of project cost	5%		
Percentage debt financed	70%		
Length of loan/debt	10	years	
Interest rate for debt	7%		
kg CO2 emissions per liter of gasoline	2.37		
Monetary value of 1 hour personal time (USD)	\$13.75		
Eat. roadway maintenance per year per km	\$51,000		
Area of one parking lot space		m ²	247 sf
Commercial income of land (annual)		per m ²	
Distance from roadway that is convenient	0.10	km	
Stops per km	10.0		
Boarding capacity per stop	360	pph	
Solar panel area per meter of track	2.0		
Cost of sustainable energy and storage	\$0.15	per kWh	
Global Horizontal Irradiance (GHI)		kWh/m²/day	
Cost to generate sustainable energy		per kW	
Storage per column	40	kWh	
Typical span	23		44
Energy storage cost		per kWh	
Energy storage capacity		days	
Area of parked pod	2.20	m ²	
Distance discount at max distance	40%		
Max distance discount	500	km	
Max usage discount at 10,000 km per capita	50%		
Shared Pod Discount	20%		

40%

67%

Model Inputs (continued)

Name of region or project San Francisco, CA Currency name Equal to US\$1 1 1 Sustainable energy/electricity generation & storage as Land area of region (sq. km) 121 Number of residents in region 870,887 k travel within region 85% for of land area served by roads 90% Coverage: % of pop. convenient (2 min walk) to Transit X Annual median household income (US\$) \$55,000 Convenient walk time to stop (min) 2 Triple-speed route length (km) 0 Water crossing route length (km) 0.0 Visitors per year 0 Average length of visit (days) 2 Average length of visit (days) 2 Regional Fare Factor 1.0 EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Number of Stane Adjustment 100%			
Figural to US\$1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	68	Name of region or project	San Francisco, CA
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Number of residents in region 870,887 **Number of residents in region 85% **Stravel within region 85% **Superscript of land area served by roads 90% Coverage: **of pop. convenient (2 min walk) to Transit X **Annual median household income (US\$) \$55,000 Convenient walk time to stop (min) 2 Triple-speed route length (km) 0 Water crossing route length (km) 0.0 Visitors per year 0 Average length of visit (days) 2 Solar production ratio 1.57 Regional Fare Factor 1.0 EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	71	0	CAPEX
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% of land area served by roads Coverage: % of pop. convenient (2 min walk) to Transit X Annual median household income (US\$) \$55,000 Convenient walk time to stop (min) 2 Triple-speed route length (km) 0.0 Water crossing route length (km) 0.0 Visitors per year 0 Average length of visit (days) 2 Solar production ratio 1.57 Regional Fare Factor 1.0 EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	73	Number of residents in region	870,887
Coverage: % of pop. convenient (2 min walk) to Transit X Annual median household income (US\$) \$55,000 Convenient walk time to stop (min) 2 Triple-speed route length (km) 0 Water crossing route length (km) 0.0 Visitors per year 0 Average length of visit (days) 2 Solar production ratio 1.57 Regional Fare Factor 1.0 EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	74	% travel within region	85%
walk) to Transit X Annual median household income (US\$) \$55,000 Convenient walk time to stop (min) 2 Triple-speed route length (km) 0.0 Water crossing route length (km) 0.0 Visitors per year 0 Average length of visit (days) 2 Solar production ratio 1.57 Regional Fare Factor 1.0 EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	75	% of land area served by roads	90%
Convenient walk time to stop (min) Triple-speed route length (km) Water crossing route length (km) Visitors per year Average length of visit (days) Solar production ratio Regional Fare Factor EPC costs & contingency Triple-speed (km/h) Daily Passengers Adjustment 2 1.57 2 2 30%	76		95%
Triple-speed route length (km) 0 Water crossing route length (km) 0.0 Visitors per year 0 Average length of visit (days) 2 Solar production ratio 1.57 Regional Fare Factor 1.0 EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	77	Annual median household income (US\$)	\$55,000
Water crossing route length (km) 0.0 Visitors per year 0 Average length of visit (days) 2 Solar production ratio 1.57 Regional Fare Factor 1.0 EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	78	Convenient walk time to stop (min)	2
Visitors per year 0 Average length of visit (days) 2 Solar production ratio 1.57 Regional Fare Factor 1.0 EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	79	Triple-speed route length (km)	0
Average length of visit (days) 2 Solar production ratio 1.57 Regional Fare Factor 1.0 EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	80	Water crossing route length (km)	0.0
Solar production ratio 1.57 Regional Fare Factor 1.0 EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	81	Visitors per year	0
Regional Fare Factor 1.0 EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	82	Average length of visit (days)	2
EPC costs & contingency 30% Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	83	Solar production ratio	1.57
Triple-speed (km/h) 242 Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	84	Regional Fare Factor	1.0
Daily Passengers Adjustment 100%	85	EPC costs & contingency	30%
. ,	86	Triple-speed (km/h)	242
Number of Ctone Adjustment 1000/	87	Daily Passengers Adjustment	100%
Number of Stops Adjustment 100%	88	Number of Stops Adjustment	100%
Mode Share Adjustment 100%	89	Mode Share Adjustment	100%

Pod & Car

		Pod	Car
87	Service life (years)	20	12
88	Full cost of vehicle per year	\$200	\$9,000
89	Public cost to maintain infrastructure (per km)	\$0	\$100,000
90	Energy consumption (MPGe)	3564	24
91	Energy consumption (liters/100km)	0.07	9.8
92	Energy consumption (Watt-hours/km)	9	1375
93	mass of CO2 per vehicle per km (kg)	0	0.09875
94	Vehicle mass (kg)	45	1950
95	Average speed of urban travel (km/h)	72	16
96	Typical travel time (in minutes) for 8 km trip	6	29
97	Fare/cost per km	\$0.40	\$0.62
98	Number of deaths per 100M passenger-km	0.00001	1
99	Number of injuries per 100M passenger-km	0.0006	62
100	Volume to park (cubic meters)	5.7	70.9

Shared Pod Compartment Discount



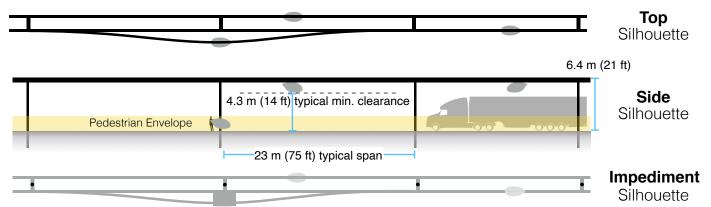
5% of gross revenue is paid for air rights and local taxes.

A minimum payment is based on the Footprint and the Transit X Commercial Rate (TXCR).

1	Air-rights and Local Taxes		(for calculating m	ninimums)
2	Total commercial land (estimated)	10,890,000	m ²	2,691 acres
3	Total commercial gov't revenue (US\$)	\$11,979,000		
4	TXCR (Transit X Commercial Rate)	\$1.10	per m ² (estimated)	
5	TXCR is the yearly tax rate per land area. Calculation: total land area of commercial properties in the governmental region, divided by all the governmental income generated by those properties. The TXCR is used to calculate the minimum tax/fee.	\$11.84	per sf (estimated)	
6				
7	Private Easement Fees	For exam	ole	
8	4% of gross revenue	\$124.41	per route-meter	\$37.95 per route-foot
9	Minimum per year	\$1.63	per route-meter	\$0.50 per route-foot
10	Transit X payment to Gove	rnment		
11	% of route on government easements	98%	estimated	
12	Total air-rights and local taxes	\$193,855,437	per year	
12 13	Total air-rights and local taxes per resident	\$193,855,437 \$223	per year	
		, ,		
13	per resident	\$223		
13 14	per resident	\$223 \$517,749	per year	
13 14 15	per resident with a minimum of	\$223 \$517,749	per year	
13 14 15 16	per resident with a minimum of Other financial benefits to	\$223 \$517,749 Government	per year	
13 14 15 16 17	per resident with a minimum of Other financial benefits to Less road maintenance from lower VMT	\$223 \$517,749 Government	per year	

Footprint calculations for minimum fee

Yearly fees and taxes



Pod landing area: 1.5m x 2.5m with 3m minimum spacing

1	Footprint Calculations	Metric		Imperial	
2	Track width	0.30	m	11.8	inches
3	Track height	0.60	m	23.6	inches
1	Post diameter	0.3	m	11.8	inches
5	Post cross section	0.07	m^2	0.8	sf
3	Stop landing area	<u>3.75</u>	m ²	40.4	sf
7	width	<u>1.5</u>	m	59.1	inches
3	length	<u>2.5</u>	m	98.4	inches
9	Ramp length	21		68.9	
10	Typical Span	<u>23</u>		75.5	
11	Number of posts per unit length	<u>43.5</u>	poles per km	70.0	poles per mile
12	Post height	<u>6</u>	m	19.7	feet
13					
14	Single track	1022.1	m ²	10998	sf
15	Area of Side Silhouette	678.3	m^2	7298	sf
16	Area of Top Silhouette	313.1	m ²	3369	sf
17	Impediment Area (adjusted)	30.7	m ²	331	sf
18	· , , , ,				
19	Dual track	1322.1	m ²	14226	sf
20	Area of Side Silhouette	678.3		7298	
21	Area of Top Silhouette	613.1		6597	-
22	Impediment Area (adjusted)	30.7		331	
23	,				
24	Stop	82.1	m ²	883	sf
25	Area of Side Silhouette	25.2		271	
26	Area of Top Silhouette	19.4		208	
27	Impediment Area (adjusted)	37.5	m^2	404	sf
28					
29	Stops with dedicated landing areas	2	stops per km	3.2	stops per mile
30	% of dual track	100%			' '
31					
32	Average area per unit length	1,486	m² per route-km	25,793	sf per route-mile
33					
34	Contract values				
35	% gross revenue for government on private prop.	1%			
36	% gross revenue for private easement	4%			
37	% gross revenue for government easement	5%			
38	Impediment Factor	10			



Fair Fare Formula

Summary

The average commute would be 3.5 times faster saving each commuter 295 hours per year.*

At 0.39 USD per mile, a typical commute on Transit X is 17% less than public transit and 74% less than a Taxi.*

			Trip Length	
A	II prices in USD	1 mile	6 mile	25 mile
	Transit X	0.48 to 0.81 2 min., 3.6x faster	2.39 to 4.00 8 min., 3.6x faster	9.17 to 15.63 33 min., 3.4x faster
F	Public transit average	2.71	4.31	6.31
səpou	Taxi	3.75 2 to 6 minutes	16.35 8 to 30 minutes	63.58 30 to 120 minutes
Common public modes	Uber/Lyft	2.86 2 to 6 minutes	11.77 8 to 30 minutes	45.20 30 to 120 minutes
non pı	Public Bus	2.18 3 to 12 minutes	2.18 15 to 60 minutes	3.34 60 to 240 minutes
Comr	Train	3.27 2 to 12 minutes	3.85 8 to 60 minutes	6.03 30 to 240 minutes
Personal car		3.14 2 to 6 minutes	9.87 8 to 30 minutes	35.10 30 to 120 minutes

	Avg. Speed	Low Speed	High speed				Min Dist	Max Dist.	Time cost	Mode 6%	shar 70%	
Travel mode	km/h	km/h	km/h	Base	Includ es km	Over per-km	km	km	per min	2	10	40
Taxi	30	20	80	2.18	1	1.09	0.5	100	0.97	5%	4%	1%
Uber/Lyft	30	20	80	1.74	1	0.87	0.5	100	0.48	10%	10%	2%
Public Bus	15	10	40	2.18	20	0.06	0.5	50	0	50%	50%	40%
Train	30	10	80	3.27	2	0.07	2	100	0	35%	36%	57%
Transit X	72	72	72	0	0	0.24	0.1	50	0	-	-	-
Personal car	30	20	80	1.45	0	0.73	0.1	400	0.23	-	-	-

^{*} All numbers on mode shares, speeds, and costs are rough estimates..

Base fares are set for first 5 years, then adjusted by formula. A 20% discount on a shared pod and a 40% discount on a shared compartment. Trips are discounted proportional to their length reaching a maximum of a 40% discount on a 500 km trip. No congestion–based pricing. Fares are proportional to the median income of the area and inversely proportional to per capita use, so the more use of Transit X, the lower the base fare up a to 50% discount. The amount of market–rate fares must be less than the amount of discounted fares. Transit X Fair Fare Formula and Fair Freight Formula is universal and applies to all regions and all times.



Fair Fare Formula

Fare rates are updated annually using this formula

	Name	Value	Units	Description of the value or model input
1	GlobalIncome	10,000	USD	Global median household income. Updated annually based on most recent standard published data.
2	AllTravel	23,000	km	Travel distance per household per year on any mode for trips under 1600 km. A global constant
3	PercentIncomeForTr ansport	20%		% of median household income for all transportation under 1600 km trips. A global constant.
4	GlobalRate	0.09	USD/km	Global rate: GlobalIncome * PercentIncomeForTransport / AllTravel
5	IncomeFirst	\$55,000	USD	Median household income at first stop (per person per day). External input. Based on reliable public data source updated annually.
6	IncomeDest	\$82,500	USD	Median household income at destination per trip. External input. Based on reliable public data updated annually.
7	RegionalRate	0.48	USD/km	Regional rate based on median income: MedianIncomeFirst * PercentIncomeForTransport / AllTravel
8	UnderIncomeRate	0.00	USD/km	Under global income adjustment: if (RegionalRate < GlobalRate, GlobalRate - RegionalRate, 0)
9	NominalRate	0.48	USD/km	Nominal rate: RegionalRate + UnderIncomeRate
10	RegionalFactor	1.00	HOD#	Regional Fare Factor. Negotiated upfront to make network financially viable.
11 13	AdjustedRate Population	0.48	USD/km	<u> </u>
12	UsageMaxDiscount	870,887 50%		Population in region. Updated annually based on trusted public data source. Fare Discount when Transit X travel per household equals AllTravel. Global constant.
				Total passenger distance traveled previous calendar year. Based on expected mode share for
14	PassengerTravel	6,246,055,189) km	first 3 years. Based on actual passenger trips. Audited.
15	ModeShare	31%		Percent of Total Travel Per Capita on Transit X: PassengerTravel / (Population x AllTravel)
16	BaseRate	0.40	USD/km	Base rate for single-passenger pod (without discounts) (1 - UsageMaxDiscount x min(1,ModeShare)) x AdjustedRate
17	SpecialRateFactor	2.20		Rate factor for water crossings or high-speed links. Global constant.
18	SpecialBaseRate	0.89	USD/km	Base rate for high-speed travel or water crossings: BaseRate * SpecialRateFactor
19	DistanceDiscount	40%		Distance discount at max distance. Global constant.
20	MaxDistanceDiscou nt	500	km	Max distance discount. Global constant.
21	DistanceDiscountPe rKm	0.000323	USD/km	Discount amount per km: BaseRate x DistanceDiscount / MaxDistanceDiscount
22	SeniorDiscount	20%		Senior discount set according to local regulations
23	StudentDiscount	20%		Student discount set according to local regulations
	DisabilityDiscount	20%		Disability discount set according to local regulations
24	DiscountBaseRate	0.32	USD/km	Discounted base rate: BaseRate x (1 - SeniorDiscount)
25	SharedPodDiscount	20%		Discount for requesting a shared pod. 15% minimum and 30% maximum.
26	SharedPodRate SharedCompartment	0.32	USD/km	Rate for a Shared pod: BaseRate x (1 - SharedPodDiscount) Discount for requesting a shared compartment. 25% minimum and 40% maximum. At least 10
27	Discount	40%		percentage points higher than SharedPodDiscount.
28	SharedCompartment Rate	0.24	USD/km	Rate for shared compartment BaseRate x (1 - SharedCompartmentDiscount)
29	SingleOccupancyMa xDistance	0.27	USD/km	Rate for 500 km in single–passenger pod.
30	Senior + SharedCompartment Rate	0.12	USD/km	Rate for a Senior taking a 500 km trip in a shared compartment. BaseRate x (1 - SeniorDiscountAmount) x (1 - SharedCompartmentDiscount) x (1 - MaxDistanceDiscount)
31	50PctIncomeAtDest	25%		% Higher fare rate if Destination has 50% higher median income than First (IncomeDest / IncomeFirst - 1) / 2
32	DistanceBase	4,622,080,840) km	Passenger distance under base fare. Audited value from operational data.
33	PercentBase	74%		Percent of passenger distance under base fare: DistanceBase / PassengerTravel
34	BaseRevenue	1,529,166,040	USD	Annual revenue from all travel under base rate. Audited value from operational data.
35	AverageDiscount			Average fare discount from Base Rate: 1 - (BaseRevenue / (DistanceDase x BaseRate))
36	MarketFactor	1.0		Market rate factor. Negotiated value for setting ratio of AverageDiscount
37	MarketRateCap	18%		Cap on passenger travel distance at market rate: AverageDiscount x MarketFactor
38	MarketTravelCap	834,139,063	km	Cap on passenger travel distance at market rate: DistanceBase x MarketRateCap

Project Summary

Project A fully-automated, solar-powered, micro-**Description** guideway network. A transportation utility.

Project type Sustainable Transportation Infrastructure

Design, Build, Finance, Own, Operate, Maintain

(DBFOOM)

Project equity US\$419 million (30% of total)

Cost to Gov't \$0

Structure Privately financed equity and debt

Debt term 10 years @ 7%

Equity terms A waterfall profit distribution per year with:

1. 90% until capital payback,

2. then 50% until Target% is reached

then 10%

Taxes & Fees \$193,855,437 per year

Benefits to

society and Extremely high environment

Estimated return 83% average IRR at 5 yrs 87% average IRR at 10 yrs

Financials (US\$ in millions)	Year 1	Total Years 1-12
Gross Revenues	1,300	37,709
Taxes and fees	65	1,885
Debt service	\$69	\$754

ESG (Environmental, Social, Governance) Benefits

Clean Energy	yes	Improve Resiliency	yes
Energy security	yes	Sustainable	yes
Zero Emissions	yes	Equitable	yes
Zero GHG	yes	Recyclable Materials	yes
Lowers Pollution	yes	Affordable Housing	yes
Clean Water	yes	Improved Health	yes
Improved Safety	yes	Economic Development	yes
Add Green Space	yes	Access to Food	yes
Accessible	yes	Add Quality Jobs	yes





Transit X presents a preliminary proposal for a sustainable micro-guideway network a fleet of automated electric vehicles (pods) for passengers and freight on a local and regional podway providing equitable public transportation for

San Francisco, CA

High capacity · High speed · Nonstop · 24/7 Solar powered · Zero Wait · Door-to-door · Resilient



About Transit X

Transit X finances, designs, builds, and operates solar-electric micro-guideway public transit podways to supplant buses, trains, cars, and trucks. Transit X offers its service to governments and commercial developers. Maiden Flight was on Oct 29, 2018 and pilot projects started in 2018. First pilots will break ground in 2019 and begin operations in 2020. Transit X is a privately held company founded in 2015, based in Boston, Massachusetts.

Status

	Now	Prior to close
Project financing	Available	Yes
Outdoor Test Track	Nov 2019	Yes
Rider-Revenue study	Preliminary	Yes
Environmental study	Per region	Yes
Air rights	Per project	Yes
Permitting	Per project	Yes
Safety certification	Per country	Yes
Construction firm	Per project	Yes
Design and major subs	Per project	Yes
Operations & Maint	Partners	Yes
Utility relocation	Per project	Agreements

General information available at transitx.com. Detailed information and references can be provided under appropriate nondisclosure/non-compete/non-circumvent agreements. Contact: Mike Stanley, CEO, Transit X, mike@transitx.com, 508-596-7024



Model Inputs and Assumptions

Route length (km) 317

Starting number of pods 8,974

Projected revenue growth 15%

Project Cost (Privately funded) \$1,398,203,511

% Debt financed 70%

Debt \$978,742,458

Equity \$419,461,053

Debt payment (per year) \$68,511,972

Travel per year per pod (km) 168,190

Revenue per vehicle-km (US\$) 0.86

OPEX as % of project cost 5%

Debt Interest rate 7%

Debt term (yrs) 10

Profit share when below capital return 90%

Profit share when below Target IRR 50%

Profit share when above Target IRR 10%

Pro Forma

	Years 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Revenue	0	1,300,246,986	1,495,284,034	1,719,576,639	1,977,513,135	2,274,140,106	2,615,261,122	3,007,550,290	3,458,682,833	3,977,485,258	4,574,108,047	5,260,224,254	6,049,257,892
5% RoW÷tax÷fee	0%	65,012,349	74,764,202	85,978,832	98,875,657	113,707,005	130,763,056	150,377,514	172,934,142	198,874,263	228,705,402	263,011,213	302,462,895
Debt service	0	\$68,511,972	\$68,511,972	\$68,511,972	\$68,511,972	\$68,511,972	\$68,511,972	\$68,511,972	\$68,511,972	\$68,511,972	\$68,511,972	\$68,511,972	\$68,511,972
Investor share	0	568,509,504	164,780,331	182,871,993	203,677,405	227,603,628	255,118,785	286,761,215	323,150,010	364,997,124	413,121,305	468,464,114	532,108,344
Investor share (%)		58%	14%	14%	13%	13%	12%	12%	12%	12%	11%	11%	11%
Share / Orig Capita	ıl 0%	136%	39%	44%	49%	54%	61%	68%	77%	87%	98%	112%	127%
IRR to date	loss	36%	60%	73%	79%	83%	85%	86%	86%	87%	87%	87%	87%

Important Notices

The information contained in this document is not an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy any security. These materials and documents and information from which they are derived or which are referred to by or accessible from them may contain forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, Section 2E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forward looking statements and are subject to risks and uncertainties. Forward looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward looking terminology such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "project," "anticipate," "believe" or "plan" or the negative thereof or variations thereon or similar terminology. Although Transit X believes that the expectations reflected in such forward looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. All forward looking statements speak only as of the date made. Except as required by law, Transit X undertakes no obligation to update any forward looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which it is made or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events or circumstances. These materials and documents and information from which they are derived or which are referred to by or accessible from them represent Transit X's best estimate as to the allocation of the funding proceeds based upon its present business plan and financial condition. The costs and expenses to be incurred in pursuing the Company's business plan cannot be predicted with certainty. There can be no assurance that unforeseen events will not occur or that the Company's business plan will be achieved or that it will not be changed, and it is possible that the funding proceeds may be applied in a manner other than that described herein.

Jobs Report*

This would create 6,100 new jobs in manufacturing, construction, and operations. About 10,500 existing transportation jobs would be impacted — of which 1,800 workers would need significant retraining. Improving the transportation infrastructure will boost the economy overall and lead to 9,400 new jobs. Lowering the cost of transportation and reducing travel times raises household income by 14%.

1	Annual median household income (US\$)	\$55,000	
2	CAPEX		
3	Average gross CAPEX salary (% of median HH)	125%	
4	Average gross CAPEX salary	\$68,750	
5	% of CAPEX as salary	15%	
6	Years of CAPEX	2	
7	# of CAPEX jobs	1,530	
8	% of jobs that are manufacturing vs. construction	75%	
9	Manufacturing jobs	1,150	
10	Construction jobs	380	
11	Supply chain jobs factor	3	
12	Jobs in supply chain	4,590	
13	Average gross OPEX salary (% of median HH)	115%	
14	Average gross OPEX salary	\$63,250	
15	% of OPEX as salary	30%	
16	Operations and Maintenance jobs	330	
17	Secondary-effect jobs factor	7%	
18	Secondary effect jobs	9,420	
19	Job transitioning and training		
20	Expected mode share at 10 years (from page 6, line 9)	84%	
21	% of population with a full-time job	60%	522,532
22	jobs in transportation	10%	52,253
23	jobs impacted with this proposed network	20%	10,451
24	jobs requiring significant retraining	20%	2,090
25	Jobs needing retraining with this proposed network (over 10 years)	0.3%	1,760
26	Training cost per person as % of salary (from line 13)	100%	\$63,250
27	Number of years that training is divided across	10	
28	Ratio (as %) of training costs vs. gov't revenue from Transit X	6%	\$11,132,000

^{*} Numbers are approximations based on a universal model. A regional study could analyze data based on local conditions.